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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/579,677	05/26/2000	John Edmund Ahern	GB9-2000-0076-US1	3625
25259	7590	11/17/2004	EXAMINER	
IBM CORPORATION 3039 CORNWALLIS RD. DEPT. T81 / B503, PO BOX 12195 REASEARCH TRIANGLE PARK, NC 27709			ANYA, CHARLES E	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2126	

DATE MAILED: 11/17/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/579,677

Applicant(s)

AHERN ET AL.

Examiner

Charles E Anya

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 8/19/04.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) [†]
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-13 are pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claims 3 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

- a. The following terms lack antecedent basis:

- i. said shared scope definition – claim 3;
 - ii. the step of saving – claim 4;

4. Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Pat. No. 5,649,102 to Yamauchi et al. in view of U.S. Pat. No. 5,649,184 to Hayashi et al.

7. As to claim 1, Yamauchi teaches a method for simplifying control of a group of computer programs within a group of cooperating communication managers which access computer system resources held in computer system memory (figure 4 Col. 9 Ln. 9 – 56), the method including the steps of: providing a set of command target qualifiers specifically identifying at least one of the group of cooperating communication managers to which a command should be targeted (Packet 901 Col. 12 Ln. 10 – 18), wherein the set of command target qualifiers includes at least one command target qualifier indicating that a command should be targeted to members of the group of cooperating communication managers (“... to all computers...” Col. 12 Ln. 21 –23).

8. Yamauchi is silent with respect to providing connection services to each computer program within the up of computer programs to enable access to a shared access memory that is accessible to each of the group of cooperating communication managers and providing a set of scope definitions for association with respective computer system resources to determine the scope of access and change rights for the computer system resources and for determining whether computer system resources should be stored in said shared access memory, and for identifying computer system resources to which a command is to be applied by reference to their associated scope definitions.

9. Hayashi teaches providing connection services to each computer program within the group of computer programs to enable access to a shared access memory that is accessible to each of the group of cooperating communication managers (figures 6/7

Col. 6 Ln. 30 – 64) and providing a set of scope definitions for association with respective computer system resources to determine the scope of access and change rights for the computer system resources and for determining whether computer system resources should be stored in said shared access memory, and for identifying computer system resources to which a command is to be applied by reference to their associated scope definitions (figure 7 Col. 6 Ln. 65 – 67, Col. 7 Ln. 1 – 32).

10. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Hayashi and Yamauchi because the teaching of Hayashi would improve the system of Yamauchi by determining whether providing integrity guarantee for resource should be performed in a local processing operation or shared processing operation (Hayashi Col. 5 Ln. 7 – 19).

11. As to claim 2, Yamauchi teaches a method according to claim 1 wherein respective ones of said scope definitions are associated with respective computer system resources in response to setting of a scope parameter during a computer system resource creation operation (figure 6 Col. 10 Ln. 24 – 35).

12. As to claim 3, Hayashi teaches a method according to claim 1, wherein said set of scope definitions include a shared scope option for association with respective computer system resource, said shared scope definition determining that the respective computer system resource should be stored in said shared access memory (Col. 14 Ln.

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31 – 42) and should be accessible to all cooperating communication managers in said group (Col. 6 Ln. 65 – 67, Col. 7 Ln. 1 – 32).

13. As to claim 4, Yamauchi teaches a method according to claim 3, including the step of saving a computer system resource to said shared access memory in response to specifying a shared scope during creation of the computer system resource (Col. 12 Ln. 10 – 23).

14. As to claim 5, Yamauchi teaches a method according to claim 1, wherein said set of scope definitions include a group scope option for association with respective computer system resources, said group scope option determining that the respective computer system resources should be stored in said shared access memory (Col. 12 Ln. 10 – 18, Col. 9 Ln. 19 – 23) and that copies of said respective computer system resources should be created and stored in local storage of each cooperating communication manager in said group of cooperating communication managers (Col. 12 Ln. 21 – 23).

15. As to claim 6, Yamauchi teaches a command interface providing a set of commands having the following parameters: a command target qualifier, wherein particular parameters values of the command target qualifier determine which communication managers of the group of cooperating communication managers to which the command should be targeted (Packet 901 Col. 12 Ln. 10 – 23) and a scope

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definition, wherein particular parameter values of the scope definition are associatable with respective computer system resources and wherein a parameter value of the scope definition determines which of the respective computer system resources the command should be applied to by reference to their associated command target qualifier parameter values (Data Field 903 Col. 12 Ln. 10 – 23). Also see the rejection of claim 1.

16. As to claim 7, Yamauchi teaches a command interface according to claim 6 wherein the set of commands includes a define command for defining a new computer system resource, wherein a scope definition parameter value specified in said define command is associated with said computer system resource in response to issuing the command and wherein the scope definition parameter value determines the scope of access and change rights for the computer system resource (Col. 12 Ln. 10 – 23), While Hayashi teaches determining whether the computer system resource should be stored in a shared access memory which is accessible by all cooperating communication managers in said group or should be stored in unshared local memory of an individual cooperating communication manager indicated by said command target qualifier (Col. 6 Ln. 65 – 67, figure 7 Col. 7 Ln. 1 – 31).

17. As to claim 8, Yamauchi teaches a command interface according to claim 6, wherein said command target qualifier has at least a first specifiable parameter value, indicating that a command should be applied to all members of the group of cooperating, communication manager (“...broadcasting...” Col. 10 Ln. 51 – 54, “...all

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computers...” Col. 2 Ln. 21 – 23, Col. 19 Ln. 56 – 63) and a second specifiable parameter value indicating that a command should be targeted of an individual cooperating communication manager of the group of cooperating communication managers (Col. 12 Ln. 10 – 18).

18. As to claims 9 and 11, see the rejection of claim 6.

19. As to claim 10, Hayashi teaches a data processing system according to claim 9 including: means for accessing a first memory from one of the group of cooperating communication managers, which the first memory is inaccessible from other members of the group of cooperating communication managers (Col. 5 Ln. 41 – 55, Col. 8 Ln. 18 – 21) and means for accessing a second memory from said one of the group of cooperating communication managers which second memory is accessible from all member of the group of cooperating communication managers (Col. 8 Ln. 22 – 30) , wherein the set of commands includes a define command for defining a new computer system resource, wherein a scope definition parameter value specified in said define command is associated with said computer system resource in response issuing the command and wherein the scope definition parameter value determines the scope of access and change rights for the computer system resource (Col. 12 Ln. 10 – 23), while Yamauchi teaches determining whether the computer system resource should be stored in said second memory which is accessible by all cooperating communication managers of said group or should be stored in unshared memory of an the individual cooperating

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communication manager indicated by said command target qualifier (Col. 6 Ln. 65 – 67, figure 7 Col. 7 Ln. 1 – 31).

20. As to claim 12, Yamauchi teaches a method including the steps of: in response to a command being issued which specifies an operation and a command target qualifier, determining which cooperating communication managers within said group of cooperating communication managers to which the command should be targeted (Packet 901 Col. 12 Ln. 10 – 23), in response to the command specifying a scope definition, determining which computer system resources of the determined computer programs the operation is to be performed on and performing the operation on the determined resources of the determined computer programs (Data Field 903 Col. 12 Ln. 10 – 23). Also see the rejection of claim 1.

21. As to claim 13, see the rejection of claim 7.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Charles E Anya whose telephone number is (571) 272-3757. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:30-6:00) First Friday off.

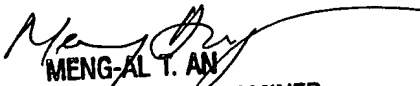
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, An Meng-Ai can be reached on (571) 272-3756. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Charles E Anya
Examiner
Art Unit 2126

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